University of California at San Diego – Department of Physics – Prof. John McGreevy

## Physics 215A QFT Fall 2016 Assignment 8

Due 11am Tuesday, November 29, 2016

## 1. Brain-warmer. Check that

$$(p \cdot \sigma) (p \cdot \bar{\sigma}) = p^2.$$

## 2. Symmetries of the Dirac lagrangian.

Find the Noether currents  $j^{\mu}$  and  $j_5^{\mu}$  associated with the transformations  $\Psi \rightarrow e^{i\alpha\Psi}$  and  $\Psi \rightarrow e^{i\alpha\gamma^5}\Psi$  of a free Dirac field. Show by explicit calculation that the former is conserved and the latter is conserved if m = 0.

3. Majorana mass. Show that a *majorana mass* term for a Weyl fermion

$$\mathcal{L}_{m} = m\psi_{R}^{t}\mathbf{i}\sigma^{2}\psi_{R} + h.c. = m\left(\psi_{R}\right)_{\alpha}\epsilon^{\alpha\beta}\left(\psi_{R}\right)_{\beta} + h.c.$$

is Lorentz invariant, but violates particle number. Figure out what the +h.c. is explicitly. Find the equations of motion. Why isn't  $(\psi_R)_{\alpha} \epsilon^{\alpha\beta} (\psi_R)_{\beta} \stackrel{?}{=} 0$  given the antisymmetry under  $\alpha \leftrightarrow \beta$ ?

4. Negative-energy solutions of the Dirac equation. Check that  $\Psi(x) = v(p)e^{+\mathbf{i}p\cdot x}$  with

$$v^{s}(p) = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{p \cdot \sigma} \eta^{s} \\ -\sqrt{p \cdot \overline{\sigma}} \eta^{s} \end{pmatrix}, \quad s = 1, 2$$

solves the Dirac equation if  $p^2 = m^2$  and  $p^0 > 0$ .

Assuming that  $\eta^s$  comprise an orthonormal basis of  $2 \times 2$  spinors, check that

$$\sum_{s=1,2} v^s \bar{v}^s = p - m.$$

Check that  $(v^s)^{\dagger}(p)v^{s'}(p) = 2\omega_p \delta^{ss'}$ . (You might want to choose  $\vec{p} = \hat{z}p^3$  and a basis of  $\sigma^3$  eigenstates to do this.)

- 5. Supersymmetry. Peskin problem 3.5
- 6. Peskin 3.3 (spinor products)
- 7. Peskin 3.7a (P,C,T).